# **Frederick Bremer School**



# GDPR Policy 2024

Person Responsible	Shermaine Lewis	
Review Frequency	Yearly	
Policy First Issued	9 <sup>th</sup> May 2018	
Last Reviewed	June 2024	
Agreed by LT on		
Does this policy need to be ratified by Governors?	Yes	
If yes, which committee	Finance	
Ratified by Governors on	12 <sup>th</sup> June 2024	
This policy is communicated by the following means	School Website, Staff	
	Shared Area	



# Contents

1. Aims	
2. Legislation and guidance	3
3. Definitions	
4. The data controller	4
5. Roles and responsibilities	5
6. Data protection principles	6
7. Collecting personal data	6
8. Sharing personal data	7
9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals	8
10. Parental requests to see the educational record	
11. Biometric recognition systems	9
12. CCTV	. 10
13. Photographs and videos	. 10
14. Artificial intelligence (AI)	. 10
15. Data protection by design and default	. 11
16. Data security and storage of records	
17. Disposal of records	. 12
18. Personal data breaches	. 12
19. Training	. 12
20. Monitoring arrangements	. 12
20. Links with other policies	. 12
Annendiy 1: Personal data breach procedure	12





#### 1. Aims

Our school aims to ensure that all personal data collected about staff, pupils, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals is collected, stored and processed in accordance with the UK <u>General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)</u> and the expected provisions of the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018)

This policy applies to all personal data, regardless of whether it is in paper or electronic format.

# 2. Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the UK GDPR and the expected provisions of the DPA 2018. It is based on guidance published by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) on the UK <u>GDPR</u> and the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> <u>for subject access requests</u>.

It meets the requirements of the <u>Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</u> when referring to our use of biometric data.

It also reflects the ICO's <u>code of practice</u> for the use of surveillance cameras and personal information.

In addition, this policy complies with regulation 5 of the <u>Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations 2005</u>, which gives parents the right of access to their child's educational record.

#### 3. Definitions

Term	Definition
Data controller	A person or organisation that determines the purposes and the means of processing of personal data.
Data processor	A person or other body, other than an employee of the data controller, who processes personal data on behalf of the data controller.
Data subject	A living, identified or identifiable individual about whom we hold Personal Data. Data Subjects may be nationals or residents of any country and may have legal rights regarding their Personal Data.
Personal data	Any information relating to an identified, or identifiable, individual.  This may include the individual's:  Name (including initials)  Identification number  Location data  Online identifier, such as a username  It may also include factors specific to the individual's physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity.
Special categories of personal data	Personal data which is more sensitive and so needs more protection, including information about an individual's:  • Racial or ethnic origin





ederick Bremer Schoo	l – GDPR Policy
	<ul><li>Political opinions</li><li>Religious or philosophical beliefs</li></ul>
	Trade union membership
	Genetics
	Biometrics (such as fingerprints, retina and iris patterns), where used for identification purposes
	Health – physical or mental
	Sex life or sexual orientation
Processing	Any act or omission that compromises the security, confidentiality, integrity or availability of Personal Data or the physical, technical, administrative or organisational safeguards that we or our third-party service providers put in place to protect it. The loss, or unauthorised access, disclosure or acquisition, of Personal Data is a Personal Data Breach.
	Processing can be automated or manual.
Consent	An agreement which must be freely given, specific, informed and be an unambiguous indication of the Data Subject's wishes by which they, by a statement or by a clear positive action, signifies agreement to the Processing of Personal Data relating to them.
Data User	Those of our employees whose work involves processing personal data. Data users must protect the data they handle in accordance with this data protection policy and any applicable data security procedures at all times.
Data Privacy Impact Assessment (DPIA)	Tools and assessments used to identify and reduce risks of a data processing activity. DPIA can be carried out as part of Privacy by Design and should be conducted for all major system or business change programs involving the Processing of Personal Data
Personal data breach	A breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to personal data.
Education Data Protection Officer (EDPO)	Responsible for monitoring our compliance with data protection law.

# 4. The data controller

The School collects a large amount of personal data every year relating to: parents, pupils, governors, visitors and others, examination marks, references as well as the many different types of research data used by the School. This makes the school a data controller. In addition, it may be required by law to collect and use certain types of information to comply with statutory obligations of Local Authorities (LAs), government agencies and other bodies.



The school is registered as a data controller with the ICO and will renew this registration annually or as otherwise legally required.

#### 5. Roles and responsibilities

This policy applies to all staff employed by our school, and to external organisations or individuals working on our behalf. Staff who do not comply with this policy may face disciplinary action.

#### 5.1 Governing board

The governing board has overall responsibility for ensuring that our school complies with all relevant data protection obligations.

#### 5.2 Education Data Protection Officer

The education data protection officer (EDPO) is responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy, monitoring our compliance with UK data protection law, and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.

They will provide an annual report of their activities directly to the governing board and, where relevant, report to the board their advice and recommendations on school data protection issues.

The EDPO is also the first point of contact for individuals whose data the school processes, and for the ICO.

Full details of the EDPO's responsibilities are set out in the service level agreement.

Our EDPO is Maryline Alvis and is contactable via edposervice@walthamforest.gov.uk.

The School Business Manager is the data protection lead and is responsible for data protection day-to-day.

#### 5.3 Headteacher

The headteacher acts as the representative of the data controller on a day-to-day basis.

#### 5.4 All staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Collecting, storing and processing any personal data in accordance with this policy
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- Ensuring that personal data held is not misused, lost or unlawfully disclosed (Refer to the ICT User Policy for more information)
- Contacting the EDPO in the following circumstances:
  - $\circ$   $\;$  With any questions about the operation of this policy, UK data protection law, retaining personal data or keeping personal data secure
  - o If they have any concerns that this policy is not being followed
  - o If they are unsure whether or not they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way
  - If they need to rely on or capture consent, draft a privacy notice, deal with data protection rights invoked by an individual, or transfer personal data outside the UK
  - o If there has been a data breach
  - Whenever they are engaging in a new activity that may affect the privacy rights of individuals, i.e. where there is a legal obligation to carry out a Privacy Impact Assessment
  - o If they need help with any contracts or sharing personal data with third parties
  - o If they need assistance dealing with any rights invoked by a Data Subject





Where staff have concerns that this policy is not being followed by others they should report this immediately to the EDPO. Where they wish to raise this formally they may do so under the Schools' Policy and Procedure for reporting of Data Protection Infringements by Employees.

#### 6. Data protection principles

The UK GDPR is based on data protection principles that our school must comply with.

The principles say that personal data must be:

- Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner
- Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes
- · Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it is processed
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date
- Kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it is processed
- Processed in a way that ensures it is appropriately secure
- Made available to Data Subjects and Data Subjects allowed to exercise rights in relation to their personal
  data.

This policy sets out how the school aims to comply with these principles.

The school is committed to maintaining the data protection principles at all times. This means that the school will:

- Inform Data Subjects why they need their personal information, how they will use it and with whom it may be shared. This is known as a Privacy Notice
- · Check the quality and accuracy of the information held
- Apply the records management policies and procedures to ensure that information is not held longer than is necessary
- Ensure that when information is authorised for disposal it is done appropriately
- Ensure appropriate security measures are in place to safeguard personal information whether that is held in paper files or on a computer system
- Only share personal information with others when it is necessary and legally appropriate to do so
- Set out clear procedures for responding to requests for access to personal information known as subject
  access request
- Train all staff so that they are aware of their responsibilities and of the school's relevant policies and procedures

# 7. Collecting personal data

## 7.1 Lawfulness, fairness and transparency

We will only process personal data where we have one of 6 'lawful bases' (legal reasons) to do so under UK data protection law:

- The data needs to be processed so that the school can **fulfil a contract** with the individual, or the individual has asked the school to take specific steps before entering into a contract
- The data needs to be processed so that the school can comply with a legal obligation
- The data needs to be processed to ensure the vital interests of the individual e.g. to protect someone's life





- The data needs to be processed so that the school, as a public authority, can perform a task in the public interest, and carry out its official functions
- The data needs to be processed for the legitimate interests of the school or a third party (provided the
  individual's rights and freedoms are not overridden)
- The individual (or their parent/carer when appropriate in the case of a pupil) has freely given clear **consent** For special categories of personal data, we will also meet one of the special category conditions for processing which are set out in the UK GDPR and Data Protection Act 2018.

If we offer online services to pupils, such as classroom apps, and we intend to rely on consent as a basis for processing, we will get parental consent where the pupil is under 18 (except for online counselling and preventive services).

Whenever we first collect personal data directly from individuals, we will provide them with the relevant information required by UK data protection law.

#### 7.2 Limitation, minimisation and accuracy

We will only collect personal data for specified, explicit and legitimate reasons. We will explain these reasons to the individuals when we first collect their data.

If we want to use personal data for reasons other than those given when we first obtained it, we will inform the individuals concerned before we do so, and seek consent where necessary.

Staff must only process personal data where it is necessary in order to do their jobs.

When staff no longer need the personal data they hold, they must ensure it is deleted or anonymised. This will be done in accordance with the school's record retention schedule, which is accessible via our school website.

#### 8. Sharing personal data

We will not normally share personal data with anyone else, but may do so where:

- There is an issue with a pupil or parent/carer that puts the safety of our staff at risk
- We need to liaise with other agencies we will normally seek consent as necessary before doing this
- Our suppliers or contractors need data to enable us to provide services to our staff and pupils for example, IT companies. When doing this, we will:
  - Only appoint suppliers or contractors which can provide sufficient guarantees that they comply with UK data protection law
  - Establish a data sharing agreement with the supplier or contractor, either in the contract or as a standalone agreement, to ensure the fair and lawful processing of any personal data we share
  - Only share data that the supplier or contractor needs to carry out their service, and information necessary to keep them safe while working with us

We will also share personal data with law enforcement and government bodies where we are legally required to do so, including for:

- The prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud
- The apprehension or prosecution of offenders
- The assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC
- In connection with legal proceedings
- Where the disclosure is required to satisfy our safeguarding obligations
- Research and statistical purposes, as long as personal data is sufficiently anonymised or consent has been provided





We may also share personal data with emergency services and local authorities to help them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of our pupils or staff.

Where we transfer personal data to a country or territory outside the UK, we will do so in accordance with UK data protection law.

# 9. Subject access requests and other rights of individuals

#### 9.1 Subject access requests

Individuals have a right to make a 'subject access request' to gain access to personal information that the school holds about them. This includes:

- Confirmation that their personal data is being processed
- Access to a copy of the data
- The purposes of the data processing
- The categories of personal data concerned
- Who the data has been, or will be, shared with
- How long the data will be stored for, or if this isn't possible, the criteria used to determine this period
- The source of the data, if not the individual
- Whether any automated decision-making is being applied to their data, and what the significance and consequences of this might be for the individual

Subject access requests must be submitted in writing, either by letter, email to the School Business Manager, Shermaine Lewis <a href="mailto:s.lewis@bremer.waltham.sch.uk">s.lewis@bremer.waltham.sch.uk</a>.

They should include:

- Name of individual
- Correspondence address
- Contact number and email address
- Details of the information requested

If staff receive a subject access request they must immediately forward it to the EDPO.

#### 9.2 Responding to subject access requests

When responding to requests, we:

- May ask the individual to provide 2 forms of identification
- May contact the individual via phone to confirm the request was made
- Will respond without delay and within 1 month of receipt of the request
- Will provide the information free of charge
- May tell the individual we will comply within 3 months of receipt of the request, where a request is complex
  or numerous. We will inform the individual of this within 1 month, and explain why the extension is
  necessary

We will not disclose information if it:

- Might cause serious harm to the physical or mental health of the pupil or another individual
- Would reveal that the child is at risk of abuse, where the disclosure of that information would not be in the child's best interests





- Is contained in adoption or parental order records
- Is given to a court in proceedings concerning the child

If the request is unfounded or excessive, we may refuse to act on it, or charge a reasonable fee which considers administrative costs.

A request will be deemed to be unfounded or excessive if it is repetitive, or asks for further copies of the same information.

When we refuse a request, we will tell the individual why, and tell them they have the right to complain to the ICO.

#### 9.3 Other data protection rights of the individual

In addition to the right to make a subject access request (see above), and to receive information when we are collecting their data about how we use and process it (see section 7), individuals also have the right to:

- Withdraw their consent to processing at any time
- Ask us to rectify, erase or restrict processing of their personal data, or object to the processing of it (in certain circumstances)
- · Prevent use of their personal data for direct marketing
- · Challenge processing which has been justified on the basis of public interest
- Request a copy of agreements under which their personal data is transferred outside of the UK
- Object to decisions based solely on automated decision making or profiling (decisions taken with no human involvement, that might negatively affect them)
- Prevent processing that is likely to cause damage or distress
- Be notified of a data breach in certain circumstances
- Make a complaint to the ICO
- Ask for their personal data to be transferred to a third party in a structured, commonly used and machinereadable format (in certain circumstances)

Individuals should submit any request to exercise these rights to the EDPO. If staff receive such a request, they must immediately forward it to the EDPO.

# 10. Parental requests to see the educational record

Parents, or those with parental responsibility, have a legal right to free access to their child's educational record (which includes most information about a pupil) within 15 school days of receipt of a written request.

#### 11. Biometric recognition systems

Where we use pupils' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system (for example, pupils use finger prints to receive school dinners instead of paying with cash), we will comply with the requirements of the <a href="Protection of Freedoms Act 2012">Protection of Freedoms Act 2012</a>.

Parents/carers will be notified before any biometric recognition system is put in place or before their child first takes part in it. The school will get written consent from at least one parent or carer before we take any biometric data from their child and first process it.

Parents/carers and pupils have the right to choose not to use the school's biometric system(s). We will provide alternative means of accessing the relevant services for those pupils. For example, pupils can pay for school dinners using a pin number at each transaction if they wish.

Parents/carers and pupils can object to participation in the school's biometric recognition system(s), or withdraw consent, at any time, and we will make sure that any relevant data already captured is deleted.





As required by law, if a pupil refuses to participate in, or continue to participate in, the processing of their biometric data, we will not process that data irrespective of any consent given by the pupil's parent(s)/carer(s).

Where staff members or other adults use the school's biometric system(s), we will also obtain their consent before they first take part in it, and provide alternative means of accessing the relevant service if they object. Staff and other adults can also withdraw consent at any time, and the school will delete any relevant data already captured.

#### **12. CCTV**

We use CCTV in various locations around the school site to ensure it remains safe. We will adhere to the ICO's <u>code</u> of practice for the use of CCTV.

We do not need to ask individuals' permission to use CCTV, but we make it clear where individuals are being recorded. Security cameras are clearly visible and accompanied by prominent signs explaining that CCTV is in use.

Any enquiries about the CCTV system should be directed to Bouygues E&S FM UK Limited.

#### 13. Photographs and videos

As part of our school activities, we may take photographs and record images of individuals within our school.

We will obtain written consent from parents/carers, or pupils aged 18 and over, for photographs and videos to be taken of pupils for communication, marketing and promotional materials.

Where we need parental consent, we will clearly explain how the photograph and/or video will be used to both the parent/carer and pupil. Where we don't need parental consent, we will clearly explain to the pupil how the photograph and/or video will be used.

Uses may include:

- Within school on notice boards and in school magazines, brochures, newsletters, etc.
- Outside of school by external agencies such as the school photographer, newspapers, campaigns
- Online on our school website or social media pages

Consent can be refused or withdrawn at any time. If consent is withdrawn, we will delete the photograph or video and not distribute it further.

When using photographs and videos in this way we will not accompany them with any other personal information about the child, to ensure they cannot be identified.

#### 14. Artificial intelligence (AI)

Artificial intelligence (AI) tools are now widespread and easy to access. Staff, pupils and parents/carers may be familiar with generative chatbots such as ChatGPT and Google Bard. Frederick Bremer School recognises that AI has many uses to help pupils learn, but also poses risks to sensitive and personal data.

To ensure that personal and sensitive data remains secure, no one will be permitted to enter such data into unauthorised generative AI tools or chatbots.

If personal and/or sensitive data is entered into an unauthorised generative AI tool, Frederick Bremer School will treat this as a data breach, and will follow the personal data breach procedure outlined in appendix 1.





#### 15. Data protection by design and default

We will put measures in place to show that we have integrated data protection into all of our data processing activities, including:

- Appointing a suitably qualified EDPO, and ensuring they have the necessary resources to fulfil their duties and maintain their expert knowledge
- Only processing personal data that is necessary for each specific purpose of processing, and always in line with the data protection principles set out in relevant UK data protection law (see section 6)
- Completing privacy impact assessments where the school's processing of personal data presents a high risk
  to rights and freedoms of individuals, and when introducing new technologies (the EDPO will advise on this
  process)
- Integrating data protection into internal documents including this policy, any related policies and privacy notices
- Regularly training members of staff on UK data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other
  data protection matters; we will also keep a record of attendance
- · Regularly conducting reviews and audits to test our privacy measures and make sure we are compliant
- Maintaining records of our processing activities, including:
  - For the benefit of data subjects, making available the name and contact details of our school and EDPO and all information we are required to share about how we use and process their personal data (via our privacy notices)
  - For all personal data that we hold, maintaining an internal record of the type of data, data subject, how and why we are using the data, any third-party recipients, how and why we are storing the data, retention periods and how we are keeping the data secure

### 16. Data security and storage of records

We will protect personal data and keep it safe from unauthorised or unlawful access, alteration, processing or disclosure, and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction or damage.

In particular:

- Paper-based records and portable electronic devices, such as laptops and hard drives that contain personal data are kept under lock and key when not in use
- Papers containing confidential personal data must not be left on office and classroom desks, on staffroom tables, pinned to notice/display boards, or left anywhere else where there is general access
- Where personal information needs to be taken off site, staff must sign it in and out from the school office
- Passwords that are at least 8 characters long containing letters and numbers are used to access school computers, laptops and other electronic devices. Staff and pupils are reminded to change their passwords at regular intervals
- <u>■</u> Encryption software is used to protect all portable devices and removable media
- Staff, pupils or governors who store personal information on their personal devices are expected to follow the same security procedures as for school-owned equipment (see our ICT User Policy)
- Where we need to share personal data with a third party, we carry out due diligence and take reasonable steps to ensure it is stored securely and adequately protected (see section 8)





#### 17. Disposal of records

Personal data that is no longer needed will be disposed of securely. Personal data that has become inaccurate or out of date will also be disposed of securely, where we cannot or do not need to rectify or update it.

For example, we will shred or incinerate paper-based records, and overwrite or delete electronic files. We may also use a third party to safely dispose of records on the school's behalf. If we do so, we will require the third party to provide sufficient guarantees that it complies with UK data protection law.

#### 18. Personal data breaches

The school will make all reasonable endeavours to ensure that there are no personal data breaches. In the unlikely event of a suspected data breach, we will follow the procedure set out in appendix 1. When appropriate, we will report the data breach to the ICO within 72 hours. Such breaches in a school context may include, but are not limited to:

- A non-anonymised dataset being published on the school website which shows the exam results of pupils
  eligible for the pupil premium
- Safeguarding information being made available to an unauthorised person
- The theft of a school laptop containing non-encrypted personal data about pupils

#### 19. Training

All staff and governors are provided with data protection training as part of their induction process. Data protection will also form part of continuing professional development, where changes to legislation, guidance or the school's processes make it necessary.

# 20. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed and updated as and when necessary. The EDPO will review this policy at every annual audit and report any necessary changes to the governing board.

Further specialist information and advice may be sought from the Schools Data Protection Officer (see details below)

For help or advice on this policy please contact:

Maryline Alvis
Education Data Protection Officer via
Education Data Protection Service Team
Governance & Law
London Borough of Waltham Forest
Email: edposervice@walthamforest.gov.uk

### 20. Links with other policies

This data protection policy is linked to our:

- Freedom of information publication scheme
- Safeguarding policy
- ICT and Internet Acceptable User Policy





#### Appendix 1: Personal data breach procedure

This procedure is based on guidance on personal data breaches produced by the ICO.

- On finding or causing a breach, or potential breach, the staff member or data processor must immediately
  notify the EDPO. Our EDPO is Maryline Alvis is contactable via <a href="mailto:edposervice@walthamforest.gov.uk">edposervice@walthamforest.gov.uk</a>.
- The EDPO will investigate the report, and determine whether a breach has occurred. To decide, the EDPO will consider whether personal data has been accidentally or unlawfully:
  - Lost
  - o Stolen
  - Destroyed
  - Altered
  - O Disclosed or made available where it should not have been
  - o Made available to unauthorised people
- Staff and governors will co-operate with the investigation (including allowing access to information and responding to questions). The investigation will not be treated as a disciplinary investigation
- If a breach has occurred or it is considered to be likely that is the case, the EDPO will alert the headteacher
  and the chair of governors
- The EDPO will make all reasonable efforts to contain and minimise the impact of the breach, assisted by
  relevant staff members or data processors where necessary, and the EDPO should take external advice when
  required (e.g. from IT providers). (Actions relevant to specific data types are set out at the end of this
  procedure)
- The EDPO will assess the potential consequences (based on how serious they are and how likely they are to happen) before and after the implementation of steps to mitigate the consequences
- The EDPO will work out whether the breach must be reported to the ICO and the individuals affected using the ICO's self-assessment tool
- The EDPO will document the decisions (either way), in case the decisions are challenged at a later date by the ICO or an individual affected by the breach. Documented decisions are stored [set out where you keep records of these decisions – for example, on the school's computer system, or on a designated software solution]
- Where the ICO must be notified, the EDPO will do this via the <u>'report a breach' page</u> of the ICO website, or through its breach report line (0303 123 1113), within 72 hours of the school's awareness of the breach. As required, the EDPO will set out:
  - o A description of the nature of the personal data breach including, where possible:
    - The categories and approximate number of individuals concerned
    - The categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
  - The name and contact details of the EDPO
  - A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
  - A description of the measures that have been, or will be taken, to deal with the breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- If all the above details are not yet known, the EDPO will report as much as they can within 72 hours. The
  report will explain that there is a delay, the reasons why and when the EDPO expects to have further
  information. The EDPO will submit the remaining information as soon as possible
- Where the school is required to communicate with individuals whose personal data has been breached, the EDPO will tell them in writing. This notification will set out:





- o A description, in clear and plain language, of the nature of the personal data breach
- o The name and contact details of the EDPO
- o A description of the likely consequences of the personal data breach
- A description of the measures that have been, or will be, taken to deal with the data breach and mitigate any possible adverse effects on the individual(s) concerned
- The EDPO will consider, in light of the investigation and any engagement with affected individuals, whether
  to notify any relevant third parties who can help mitigate the loss to individuals for example, the police,
  insurers, banks or credit card companies
- The EDPO will document each breach, irrespective of whether it is reported to the ICO. For each breach, this record will include the:
  - o Facts and cause
  - o Effects
  - Action taken to contain it and ensure it does not happen again (such as establishing more robust processes or providing further training for individuals)

Records of all breaches will be stored on the school's computer system in a spreadsheet titled Data Breaches or Near Misses.

The EDPO and Headteacher will meet to review what happened and how it can be stopped from happening
again. This meeting will happen as soon as reasonably possible

# Actions to minimise the impact of data breaches

We will take the actions set out below to mitigate the impact of different types of data breach, focusing especially on breaches involving particularly risky or sensitive information. We will review the effectiveness of these actions and amend them as necessary after any data breach.

# Sensitive information being disclosed via email (including safeguarding records)

- If special category data (sensitive information) is accidentally made available via email to unauthorised individuals, the sender must attempt to recall the email as soon as they become aware of the error
- Members of staff who receive personal data sent in error must alert the sender and the EDPO as soon as they become aware of the error
- If the sender is unavailable or cannot recall the email for any reason, the EDPO will ask the ICT department to
  attempt to recall it from external recipients and remove it from the school's email system (retaining a copy if
  required as evidence)
- In any cases where the recall is unsuccessful or cannot be confirmed as successful, the member of staff will
  contact the relevant unauthorised individuals who received the email, explain that the information was sent
  in error, and request that those individuals delete the information and do not share, publish, save or
  replicate it in any way
- The member of staff will ensure we receive a written response from all the individuals who received the data, confirming that they have complied with this request
- The EDPO will carry out an internet search to check that the information has not been made public; if it has, we will contact the publisher/website owner or administrator to request that the information is removed from their website and deleted
- If safeguarding information is compromised, the EDPO will inform the designated safeguarding lead and discuss whether the school should inform any, or all, of its 3 local safeguarding partners

Other types of breach that you might want to consider could include:

- Details of pupil premium interventions for named children being published on the school website
- Non-anonymised pupil exam results or staff pay information being shared with governors





- A school laptop containing non-encrypted sensitive personal data being stolen or hacked
- The school's cashless payment provider being hacked and parents' financial details stolen
- Hardcopy reports sent to the wrong pupils or families

